OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The *BROADBOTTOM JOURNAL.*

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1747. [N°. 164.]

AS ſome further Extracts out of my curious *Manuſcript*, are to be the Entertainment of this Day, the Reader will remember, that the Conſtitution of the *Aſſociated Britons*, deſcribed in *Old England* the 6th of *December* laſt, did conſiſt of a *Governor*, a *Court of Directors*, and a *General Court*; and that out of theſe, they form'd a *Committee of Council*, and from that again, a *Committee of Secrefy* or *Coalition*, compoſed of the great Officers of the *Society*, whereof the *Sub-Governor* was chief; but when that high Office was executed by Commiſſioners, as, for want of a *proper Genius* to fill it, was the Caſe when the following Memoirs were wrote, they were call'd the *Groupe*; in which one GENTLEMAN HARRY made the principal Figure; who having on a Time pick'd the *Governor*'s Pocket of the Key of the *General Court* Chamber, turn'd the *Deputies* adrift, and lock'd the Door againſt them. The Reader muſt not be ſurpriz'd, that I tranſlate ſome ancient *Syriac* Terms by modern *Engliſh* ones.

— *Ardemus ſcitari & quærere Cauſas,*
Ignari ſcelerum tantorum, Artiſque, PELHAMGÆ.

THE extraordinary and adventurous Step which the *Groupe* have taken, juſtly fills the Minds of all good and prudent Men with Jealouſies and Apprehenſions; they aſk, how ſuch a loyal *General Court* could poſſibly have incurr'd the good GOVERNOR's Diſpleaſure? How one ſo tractable, could have offended the *Groupe?* No Impeachments have been ſtirred up, nor Enquiries ſet on foot againſt them, no Taxes refus'd; the glorious Expedition to *Bretagne* is as much buried in Silence as the Adviſers of it could wiſh; as is likewiſe the Day, the dreadful Day of Slaughter and Havock! which happened among our Countrymen, waging unequal War in *Lowerland*, for want of the Aſſiſtance of the GOVERNOR's *Brunonian* Troops, which had been caſhier'd and ſtigmatiz'd by the *Coalition:* Our Mouths are as much cloſed up as our Windows. If *Calædonia* has ſtill any Means left of Revolting, ſurely the *General Court* was not to blame, as they have ſecured the GOVERNOR as far as ever the *Groupe* would permit. Did the *Deputies* diſbelieve the mighty Muſter-Roll that was laid before them of the formidable Army that we were to have in *Lowerland* this Summer? Did they queſtion either the Sincerity of the Relators then or ſince, tho' the Truth has ſo fatally fallen ſhort of the Relation? Have they not ſat as tamely as ever an Aſſembly could do, to ſee Towns after Towns given up to the Enemy, and Regiment after Regiment ſent over — to be given up to them too? Have they not very paſſively accepted or rejected every Set of Men that the *Two Brothers* have either adopted, fawned upon, grown jealous of, or betrayed? What iniquitous Jobb have theſe to produce, that they ſhould be afraid the *General Court* had not time enough to carry thro' for them, is difficult to gueſs? Some Scheme not very white muſt have been in Agitation; or was this deciſive Stroke a wanton Exertion of Power, that was never attempted before? The vain-glorious *Bucco*, premier to *Carlos primos*, tho' as childiſh in his Conduct and petulant in his Paſſions as any that ever trifled with a *Community*, (except a recent Inſtance) never broke thro' the Capital Bands of Government, but when he apprehended ſome Danger to himſelf: I have in my Eye ſome high *Officers* as apprehenſively timorous as *Bucco*, who can ſee Invaſions on the *South* Coaſt of our Iſland, when the whole is no more than perhaps half a Dozen of their own ordinary Smugglers. It is improbable, they could fear Axes and Halters from ſuch an Aſſembly as they had lately at their Devotion, as they had ſecured every Opponent, and with their golden *Caduceus* laid to ſleep every Tongue that could wagg againſt them: Is not their daring Preſumption to diſſolve the *General Court*, a Proof that they had one terrible Opponent in it? Do they ever dare but where there is no Danger? *Sic notus Ulyſſes!*

As no untractable and refractory Symptoms appear to juſtify this Meaſure, we muſt ſearch deeper for Cauſes; ſtrong Cauſes they muſt be to countenance ſo unconſtitutional a Stroke! If the Reaſons are good they will be given, and the Community will judge of their Validity: If they are bad and black, as one may ſuppoſe (ſince the Conſtitution is ſeldom violated to carry on right Meaſures) we muſt hope, that the *Coalition* will find it difficult to pack ſuch a Set of Men as will carry on their iniquitous Deſigns. By this unexpected Stretch of the Conſtitution of our ancient *Society*, the Proprietors have Warning given them. As they may reaſonably apprehend that ſomething new, and perhaps terribly daring, is upon the Anvil, they will take Care in the Choice of their future *Deputies*, to fix upon ſuch as are of known Integrity and Courage, to withſtand all Attempts that may be pernicious to the common Good, and the *Governor*'s Family; they will equally guard againſt chuſing Remnants of bad Meaſures, and the Dregs of falſe Patriotiſm.

I muſt obſerve, that this ſudden cutting off a *ſeventh Part* of the Exiſtence of the *General Court*, cannot be a Matter of Indifference to the Community; if it is quietly ſubmitted to and paſſed over, as it is one of the ſtrongeſt Violations of the Privileges of our *Society* that can happen, ſo it will be a convenient Precedent for the *Groupe* to build their future Enterprizes upon, and carry on their ſiniſter Ends. Why have Annual, Triennal, and Septennial *General Courts*, been ſo much contended for, but to eſtabliſh a conſtant, known, and certain Return of them, ſo as to awe the Actions of a *Coalition* of the GOVERNOR's Officers, and do the Buſineſs of the Community? If being elected for *Seven Spaces* of Time, they may be caſhiered at the End of *Six*, may they not with equal Reaſon be protracted to Eight, to Ten, to Twenty, or for Life? The Nature of *General Courts* is ſo tender and ſenſitive, that it will not endure the leaſt rude and uncuſtomary Touch. If the Duration of ſuch Aſſemblies becomes precarious, there is an End of the Purpoſes for which they were inſtituted: If they can be broke at Pleaſure, like our Cavalry, may they not be broke entirely in Times of Peace, when the Exigence of the *Society* is leſs preſſing for Money, with as much Reaſon as we reduc'd our Army in Time of War? Will honeſt Country Gentlemen, the Gaurdians and Champions of their Fellow Subjects, be ſolicitous for a Seat in the *General Court*, when the *Groupe* may annihilate it by a Daſh of the Pen? What Branch of our Conſtitution, what favourite Privilege will be ſacred, if the Certainty of *Sitting* is to depend upon their arbitrary Determination? Or, whither will they go, when they ſet out thus? Where will they ſtop, when they are permitted to go ſo far?

A Man, converſant in Reading, would conclude, that the *Deputies* would immediately repreſent againſt ſuch an Infringement of their Rights; and that their Electors would addreſs to ward off the Blow; but, alas! by Reading, a Man gets little Light into the Nature of the *Britons:* What would have hurried a great *Officer* of the *Society*, half a Century ago, to the Block, is look'd upon now among us as an indifferent Meaſure, of no Conſequence to the Conſtitution, and as an inſignificant as the Perſons that compoſe the *Groupe*. In ſhort, there is no accounting for the Supineſs of Mankind on the preſent Occaſion, and for the Security of the *Groupe* on taking ſuch a Step, but in the Words of the Poet,

They do their Safety to their Weakneſs owe,
As Weeds eſcape the Scythe by being low.

Pray Heaven this Careleſsneſs be not carried farther! may the People, and their *Deputies*, be more watchful over the Acts of the next *General Court*, than they have been over the Exiſtence of this: Let not Poſterity have Room to brand the *Society* with more Inſtances of their Inattention for the Public Good, while they are ſtript of their moſt valuable Privileges. Tho' I doubt the Conſtituents of the next *General Court*, choſen in ſuch a Time of public Lethargy, will hardly have the Spirit and Virtue to enter on their new Function, by an Enquiry after the Authors and Adviſers of this notable *Diſmiſſion*, yet it is to be hop'd they will keep a ſteady Eye on the future Actions of Men capable of giving ſuch raſh Counſels, and remember that the miſterious Jobb is rather ſuſpended than laid aſide, and which ſurely, they will hardly be ſo paſſive as to enact when the *Groupe* themſelves deſpair'd of bringing them in to approve and finiſh. This would be a Soleciſm the *Coalition* alone could explain. Suppoſe that thro' a Series of bad Management of the War, a bad Peace is become neceſſary to be made, why ſhould the next *General Court* be more likely to approve of the making than the confirming of it when made? Has the *Groupe* ſuch an Idea of the Dignity of Crimes, as to imagine any Set of Men would be ambitious of becoming Principals rather than Acceſſaries? Is there more Honour in ſtabbing a Man than in ſtanding by while he is ſtabb'd? Theſe are Refinements in Guilt, which none but harden'd Practitioners can comprehend: But ſuch is the Impartiality of the *Coalition*, that they will not make one *General Court* their *Fac-Totum*; they will reſerve ſome Portion of Drudgery to be done by the next: Do they deſpair of cutting out ſufficient Work for it, that they robb'd the laſt of a *Sitting?* Is every Commodity taxed? Had they ſtretch'd their Imaginations 'till they crack'd by the late new-invented Taxes? At beſt, their Policy is ſhallow, for how can they promiſe themſelves blind Obedience from their new elect, when their laſt meritorious Dependents could not, by all their Compliances, ſave themſelves from an unnatural Death?

The *old Leviathan Corps* ſeem rejoiced to get rid of an Aſſembly that gave the firſt Shock to their long Courſe of Power, and are glad to ſee it ſacrificed to the Manes of their Patron, by the Hands of ſome of his own Diſciples;

while our laſt conforming Patriots were impatient for the Annihilation of a Meeting that ſat but to reproach them with ſo many Perfidies; neither are to be blamed; but what ſhall I ſay to Country Gentlemen, who ſeem ſo glad to have the Conteſt over, and the Term of canvaſſing ſhorten'd, that they are ſilent Spectators of the moſt fatal Blow that can be given to their Rights and Privileges? Surely, they are not inſenſible that the next Election will be ſtollen away by Surprize! The *Groupe* have had Time to lay their Schemes, and prepare their Purchaſe-Money, and perhaps may have bought half the Votes of the Iſland before the Country Gentlemen had ſo much as Time to aſk for one. The paltry Reaſons aſſigned for the Diſſolution, to pleaſure *our good Allies*, and fix their Determinations againſt the common Enemy, by a new *Court of Deputies* who have a greater Length of Time to ſerve, bear but little Weight among the Judicious. *General Courts*, 'tis true, have frequently interpos'd with their Advice on Peace and War, and debated on the Choice of proper Allies, but I never knew that our Allies had any Title to the Choice of a *General Court*; or are they only the Allies of the *Groupe?* Have the large Subſidies that we have been paying, ſerv'd only to purchaſe an offenſive and defenſive Alliance for the Support of the preſent *Coalition?* Had they ſo great a Share in the late *Belgic* Revolution, that the new-elected *Chief* there will embrace the Sentiments of their late Ambaſſador in *Gaul*, if the *Groupe* ſhould be diſmiſs'd? Is that *Chief* united to us by his Alliance with our GOVERNOR's Family, or by ſome ſecret Connection with the *Two Brothers?*

Is the perſevering Queen of the *Hunns* ſo partial to them, that ſhe would make Peace if we had any other *Notary?* Is it from them that the truſty *Sardouan* expects the Poſſeſſion of the *Sea Coaſt?* Before the Tools of Power aſſign ſuch Motives to their Patrons, they ought to be ſure that the very Reaſons they give do not make againſt them.

I ſhall make but one Obſervation more, and conclude. The only good that can be drawn out of this very bad Meaſure, is a Triennal *Court of Deputies*. This Diſſolution deſtroys all Arguments for a Septennial one, and as that favourite Fence is now broken down, the Proprietors may flatter themſelves with obtaining the Triennial again; that popular Object of their Wiſhes! which is the only Compenſation that can poſſibly be made to them for this extraordinary Invaſion upon the ſtated Rule.

N. B. *The* Old England Extraordinary *of* Tueſday *laſt, is reprinted, and may be had at 2 d. each.*

SIR, *Weſtminſter, June* 19, 1747.

I WOULD not heſitate a Moment to give my Vote for the *Admiral* in his proper Station, even to the placing him at the Head of the Admiralty; but as our fine Court-Jobb has convinc'd me, that there is ſomething iniquitous among them, and that the *Admiral's* Merit is proſtituted to ſerve their Turn, I will vote againſt him. As to his Collegue I don't know him; —— but I think his *Father's ſteady Conduct* is too well known to be forgot. The two *Candidates* on the Country Intereſt are Men of large Poſſeſſions, and known Friends to our *Conſtitution:* The Voice of one of them has been loud in its Defence, both within and without Doors: 'Tis true, he was drawn in by the ſpecious Craft and low Cunning of the *Coalition* to countenance their getting into Power; but he was too diſcerning to be long deceived, and therefore not only renounc'd them early, very early, but was the firſt that expoſed the *Inſincerity* of the Profeſſions they had trumpeted about for the Public Good. As he is in his Circumſtances above Temptation, in Virtue and Honour Proof againſt it, by Nature and Inclination honeſt, by Education and Experience capable, and every way qualify'd for the Service of Parliament at this critical Juncture; I think it incumbent upon me, for the Good of my Country, the Honour of my King on the Throne, the Preſervation of the *Heir apparent*, and the *Act of Succeſſion*, to vote *againſt the Court*; and conſequently with Sir *John Philips*, and his equally worthy Collegue.

Yours, &c.

A BRITON.

LONDON.

We hear a Label was fix'd on the Door of Weſtminſter-Hall on the firſt Day of Term, inſcrib'd with the friendly Admonition of *Take Care of your Pockets*; which occaſion'd great Speculation among the *Artiſts* in that way, both above Stairs and below.

Wedneſday his Majeſty went with the uſual State from Kenſington to the Houſe of Peers, and after a moſt gracious Speech from the Throne, gave the Royal Aſſent to the following Bills, viz.

A Bill for granting to his Majeſty the Sum of one Million out of a Sinking Fund, and to enable his Majeſty to raiſe a further Sum of 500,000 l. by Loans or Exchequer Bills.

A Bill for taking away the Heretable Juriſdictions in Scotland, and for making Satisfaction to the Proprietors thereof.

A Bill for taking away the Tenure of Lands by Ward-holding in Scotland, and for making Satisfaction to the Superiors by a Feu-Rent to be paid by the Vaſſals for the ſame.

A Bill to enforce the Execution of the Act for granting ſeveral Duties upon Honſes, Windows, or Lights.

A Bill to empower the Diſtillers within the Bills of Mortality to take out Licences at 5 l. each, for retailing Spirituous Liquors.

A Bill for Relief of ſuch loyal Subjects in Scotland, whoſe Title Deeds and Writings were deſtroyed in the late Rebellion.

A Bill to prevent the Return of ſuch Rebels as have been or ſhall be pardoned, on Condition of Tranſportation, and to hinder their going into the Enemy's Country.

A Bill for allowing Perſons impeach'd of High Treaſon, to make their full Defence by Counſel.

A Bill for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned.

A Bill for veſting the forfeited Eſtates of certain Traitors in his Majeſty.

A Bill for better ſecuring the Payment of Prize-Money to Greenwich Hoſpital.

A Bill for the Eaſe of Sheriffs with regard to the Return of Proceſs.

A Bill for the better adjuſting Servants Wages, and for regulating ſuch Servants.

A Bill for the Relief of maimed and diſabled Seamen, and the Widows and Children of ſuch as ſhall loſe their Lives in the Merchants Service.

A Bill to extend an Act for naturalizing foreign Proteſtants in America, to ſuch as ſcruple to take an Oath.

A Bill to indemnify Perſons who have omitted to regiſter their Letters of Attorney, appointing them Agents for Prizes.

A Bill for enlarging the Time appointed for Uſe of Highland Cloaths to ſuch as are not landed Men.

A Bill for building a Bridge from Walton upon Thames, to Shepperton in Middleſex.

A Bill for a general Pardon to all Perſons guilty of Treaſons, &c. except fifty-nine Perſons therein named.

And to ſeveral private Bills

Upon the preſenting of which, the Hon Arthur Onſlow, Eſq; the Speaker, made a moſt eloquent and learned Speech, and then both Houſes of Parliament were prorogued till the 9th of July next.

His Majeſty ſtaid an Hour and twenty Minutes at the Houſe of Peers. His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales was likewiſe there.

During the Time of the Reading of the Bill of his Majeſty's moſt gracious and general free Pardon, the Lords ſat uncovered, and ſtood up uncovered when they gave their Votes, and ſo continued ſtanding till all the Lords had done Voting.

The Writs for a General Election thro' the United Kingdoms muſt be returnable within 40 Days after the Teſte, which we hear will be next Monday.

We hear that the Duke of Gordon will have the late Earl of Stair's vacant Green Ribbon.

The Rev. Mr. Jones, Vicar Corall of Weſtminſter-Abby, is appointed by the Dean of Windſor to be one of the Gentlemen Choriſters of that Place, and alſo for Eaton, in the room of William Richardſon, deceaſed.

A Preſentation has paſs'd the Great Seal, to enable Anthony Poſtlethwaite, Clerk, to hold the Vicarage of Eaſely in the Dioceſe of Cheſter, being preſented thereto by the Lord Chancellor.

A Commiſſion of Sewers has likewiſe paſs'd the Great Seal, for making Navigable the River Thames from the Village of Bercot to the City of Oxford.

Wedneſday John Freeman Eſq; who had changed his Name lately from Edwards, by Act of Parliament, had the Misfortune to be thrown from his Horſe on Enfield-Chace, by which Accident he fractured his Skull, and died in a few Hours. He was to have been married in a few Days to Miſs Edwards of Highgate, a young Lady of 30,000 l. Fortune.

A few Days ago Mr. Peter Taylor, a Taylor in Chancery-lane, had the Misfortune to break his Neck, as he was endeavouring to jump over a Ditch near Iſlington.

On Saturday laſt, about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, as ſix Men and two Boys were making of Hay in a Field adjoining to the Seat of Hartcourt Woodhouſe, Eſq; at Colney-Chapel, near St. Alban's, there came a violent Clap of Thunder, &c. which ſtruck the Boys down, tore off the Bark of ſeveral Trees; and ſome Horſes in a Cart by the ſame took Fright, in which was a young Lad, who unfortunately fell out of the ſame, and was kill'd on the Spot.

Laſt Week a melancholly Accident happen'd to the two Sons of Mr. Glaſſock, at Kelveden-Hatch, near Ongar in Eſſex: They were both riding on a Cart, loaded with unſlack'd Lime, which overturning in a Slough, the youngeſt had his Leg and Back broke, and the eldeſt, about thirteen Years old, falling into the Water and part of the Lime on him, he was ſo miſerably burnt with it before he could be got out, that moſt part of his Skin came off with his Cloaths, and it was thought he could not recover.

Sunday three Infants were found murdered in a Field near Limehouſe, the eldeſt not above three Months old; they had all of them ſeveral Wounds in different Parts of their Bodies.

Monday came an Account from the Lieutenant Governor of Fort William, that 555 Highlanders ſurrender'd themſelves with their Arms to him, and voluntarily took their Oaths to his Majeſty. Their Arms are ſent to Edinburgh Caſtle.

They write from Turin, by Letters of the 3d inſtant, that Vice-Admiral Medley would certainly be very ſoon before Biſagno with 18 Men of War, and that he would anſwer for it, that no more Succours ſhould get into Genoa.

Thurſday Elizabeth Fuller, a notorious lewd Woman, was committed to Newgate by Mr. Alderman Arnold, for feloniouſly picking the Pocket of John Matthews of Crown Court, Garlick-Hill, of 11 s. 6 d. in Cheapſide.

The Truelove Privateer, from Norway for Londonderry, is taken off Lewis's Iſlands by the Count de Maurepas Privateer, of 12 Carriage Guns.

The Catherine, ——, from Philadelphia for Londonderry, is taken off Horn-Head, in the North-Weſt of Ireland, by the Conquerante Privateer of Granville, of 22 Carriage Guns.

They write from Dover, that the Endeavour Privateer has brought in the Anne, Peterſon, bound from Norway to St. Vallareys, with Iron and Deals.

Alſo that the Princeſs of Orange Privateer has ſent in the Anne, of and for Hamburgh, from Bourdeaux.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, June 16.

" On Sunday the Tilbury Man of War came into the Harbour to be fitted for Sea.

A great Number of Men work'd all Day on Sunday to get in the Namur's Maſts, which they completed, and ſhe will be fit to proceed to Sea in a few Days.

The Bellona Man of War (late a French Privateer) is put into Commiſſion in this Harbour, and the Command is given to Capt. Barrington, who had the Weazle Sloop of War."

The Duke of Cumberland Privateer, Combes, of Briſtol, in chaſing a Veſſel on the French Coaſt, ſtruck on a Rock, but 109 of the Men were taken up by the Charming Nancy Privateer of Jerſey, and the Captain and Remainder of the Crew, got on Shore in France. Capt. Combes intended to have blown up his Ship, but was prevented by two French Men of War.

There is Advice, that a Ship of Capt. George Wardroper, bound for Gottenburgh, was taken of the Nam by the Genevive of Dunkirk, of twenty Guns, and ranſom'd for two hundred and fifty Pounds; there are three more on the Coaſt, viz. the Marſhal Saxe, twenty-four Guns, nine and twelve Pounders, three hundred and fifty Men; the Maurepas, ſixteen Guns, one hundred and fifty Men; and the Mouche, of two Guns, and ſixty Men they are to rendezvous, as laſt Seaſon, at Bergen.

We hear, that there is a French Ship, call'd the St. Luke, arrived at Bourdeaux from St. Domingo, who came out in Company with nine others, under Convoy of a Frigate of 34 Guns, intending to join the grand Fleet, but being chac'd a long Time by two Engliſh Men of War, they all ſeparated, and made the beſt of their Way to Europe.

He likewiſe ſays, that the grand Fleet were at Cape Francois, and had five Men of War to convoy them to Europe, who were to be joined by two others of 74 Guns each. Yet he gives out that they are not expected home till October; which no doubt he does to cover the certain Time of their Departure.

The Squadron now cruizing under the Command of Sir Peter Warren, conſiſts of twenty-ſeven Ships of War, of which twenty Sail are of the Line.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Lieutenant Midwinter, who commanded the Defiance after the Death of Capt. Grenville, in the late Engagement, Captain of his Majeſty's Sloop Weazle, for his gallant Behaviour in the Engagement.

Several Men of War are ordered to be got in Readineſs for the Weſt Indies, to reinforce the Ships of War in those Parts.

Extract of a Letter from Kingſton in Jamaica, dated April 10.

" Three of our Men of War, viz. the Plymouth, Leopard and Worceſter, have had a ſmart Engagement with three French Ships, which were rather of ſuperior Force to our's for three Hours: Both ſides behav'd gallantly; but our Ships being much damag'd in their Maſts and Rigging gave the French an Opportunity to get away, otherwiſe Commodore Dent would have given a better Account of them ——— We have receiv'd melancholy News from Peru, by Way of Porto Bello and Carthagena, that the City of Lima is entirely deſtroyed by an Earthquake, 8000 People periſhed, and 300,000,000 of Piaſtres were

loſt. The Ships that lay at Callao, between three and four Miles from the City, the Water falling away, or rather the Earth riſing, were left dry, and all ſwallowed up. This ſad Affair will be a great Loſs to Europe, likewiſe to theſe Parts here."

Lima, the Capital of Peru, has been twice before almoſt deſtroy'd by Earthquakes, the firſt Time in 1586, and the laſt Time in October 1687. The latter of theſe Shocks was ſo dreadful, that Wafer, who felt it 150 Leagues at Sea, affirms, that it frightened the whole Ship's Company, who thought they had ſtruck upon a Rock, and were convinc'd of the contrary only by ſounding. The Water was at the Time mixed with Sand, though no Bottom could be found, and the Ships on the Coaſt were driven Leagues over the Land, as is related to have been the Caſe in October laſt.

This City was built by Pizarro, the Conqueror of Peru, in 1354. It ſtood in 12. 30. South Latitude, was ſurrounded with a Wall, fortify'd with Baſtions, and exceeding populous. The Plain around it is fruitful in Corn, Wine, Oil, Sugar, Flax and Fruits. It was diſtant from the Sea about ſix Miles; about four Miles in Length, and about two in Breadth; had a Square, with Piazza's in the Centre, where all the principal Streets were terminated, and the Palaces of the Viceroy and the Archbiſhop, with all the public Offices, were ſituated. The Air, conſidering the Climate, is moderately temperate and healthful in general.

Her Imperial Majeſty having actually confiſcated all the Capital belonging to the Genoeſe in the Bank of Vienna, amounting in the whole to 1,423,347 Florins, ſhe has been at the ſame Time pleaſed to declare, that if any Perſon have Pretenſions or Draughts upon thoſe Sums, they ſhall have three Months allowed to make good their Demands.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, June 13. On Tueſday laſt Mr. William Watkins, Gunſmith, on St. Philip's Plain, was unfortunately drowned by endeavouring to ſave another who fell over board at Swinford Paſſage: He was a very ingenious Artiſt, and has left a Wife and two Children. And on Thurſday Mr. Joſeph King, Cooper, of Temple-ſtreet, met with the like unhappy Misfortune, as he was ſwimming with ſome of his Acquaintance in the ſame River.

Newcaſtle, June 13. The Poſt-Maſter General has ordered a New Poſt-Stage to be erected betwixt Leeds and Bradford, and that the Poſts for the future paſs thro' Leeds in his Way from Ferry-bridge to Bradford, by which Means and immediate Communication by Poſt will be open'd from Leeds to and from Bradford, Halifax, Rochdale, Mancheſter, Warrington, and all parts of Lancaſhire, Cheſhire, Staffordſhire, &c. without ſending them round by Ferrybridge: And he has alſo ordered another Stage to be erected betwixt Wakefield and Halifax, which opens a Communication from Wakefield to and from Halifax.

The ſame Day a Salmon was brought to market, taken in the River Tyne, which weigh'd 41 lb. was 4 Foot one Inch long, 25 Inches round, and the Breadth of the Tail 13 Inches.

We hear by a Maſter of a Ship that came in Yeſterday to Shields, that he ſaw two French Privateers a very little Way of Tinmouth Bar, who took a ſmall Veſſel and ranſom'd her.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, June 9. They write from Banff, that the Fancy of Inverneſs, Peter Alaſter Maſter, was taken the 24th ult. betwixt Fraſerburgh and Peterhead, by a French Privateer: all the Crew left her when they ſaw the Privateer purſuing them, and, and came a Shore in their Boat The Privateer carried off the Sloop; but how they've diſpoſed of her we know not; ſhe had nothing on board but Ballaſt.

Alſo that a Ship belonging to Cromarty, was taken the 25th ult. near Peterhead, by another French Privateer.

They write from Inverneſs, that Flour, Corn and Hay, are laid up in great Quantities for the Uſe of the Camp to be formed at Fort Auguſtus, where the Highland Regiment has been replaced by two Companies of Batterau's Men.

Edinburgh, June 11. On Monday laſt died the Rev. Mr. Adam Miln, Miniſter of the Goſpel at Meltoſe. He was a Perſon of good Learning, particularly in the Hiſtory and Antiquities of his own Country, and who by his great Piety, Probity and benign Temper, did very much adorn the Miniſterial Function.

There has been a great Fall of Rain without Intermiſſion for ſome Days paſt in this Country, which very much ſwelled the Rivers, but we hear of no conſiderable Damage ſuſtained.——A Gentleman who came Yeſterday to this Place from Brechin adviſes, there has been no Rain North of Cupar in Fife.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 6. Laſt Tueſday a Cauſe was tried in the Court of Common-Pleas, between William Hughes, Plaintiff, and Francis Mulligan, of Athlone, Defendant, which appeared thus, viz. Mulligan ſwore Horſe-ſtealing againſt Hughes, to prevent him from proſecuting a Suit he had againſt Mulligan: Hughes got bailed, and Mulligan then procuring other Evidences againſt him, carried on the Proſecution: Hughes was tried at Roſcommon, in July in 1738, and acquitted, and Copies of his Indictment ordered him, in order to bring his Action; but the Night of his Acquital he loſt his Senſes, and has been lunatic at Intervals ever ſince, which has prevented the Cauſe being tried 'till now. The Jury gave a Verdict for Hughes, with 300 l. Damages, beſides Coſts.

Thurſday laſt a new Commiſſion paſſed the Great Seal, appointing the Lord Viſc. Galway, William Glanville, Eſq; Sir William Corbet, Bart. Hon. John Ponſonby, Eſq; Thomas Brian, Eſq; ——— Trevor, Eſq; and William Briſtow Eſq; to be his Majeſty's Commiſſioners of the Revenue and Exciſe.

At the ſame Time his Majeſty's Grant paſſed the Great Seal, of a Penſion of 4000 l. per Ann. on this Eſtabliſhment, for the Right Hon. the Counteſs of Yarmouth.

BANKRUPTS.

William Pigg, of Cobham in the County of Surry Maltſter, Weaver, and Chapman.

Daniel Bamfield, late of St. Mitchell in the County of Cornwall, Chapman.

John Barcock, of King's Lynn in the County of Norfolk, Mariner and Merchant.

Simon Rackham, late of Newton Flatman in the County of Norfolk, Jobber and Chapman.

John Rudolff Thun, late of London, Merchant.

To the worthy Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter.

AS we have been encourag'd, by many of the Inhabitants of this City, to offer our Services at the enſuing General Election, we take this Opportunity of deſiring the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt; which will be gratefully acknowledg'd by,

GENTLEMEN,

Your moſt obedient humble Servants,

TRENTHAM,
PETER WARREN.

In the Preſs, and ſpeedily will be publiſhed,

LIBERTY and RIGHT;
OR,
An ESSAY, Hiſtorical and Political, on the CONSTITUTION and ADMINISTRATION of *Great-Britain.*

Humbly offer'd to the Conſideration of every Man, but more eſpecially the ELECTORS and FREEHOLDERS of Great Britain.

Ut enim tutela ſic procuratio Republicæ, ad utilitatem eorum qui commiſſi ſunt, non ad eorum quibus commiſſa eſt, gerenda eſt. CIC.

Qui autem parti civium conſulant, partem negligunt, rem perniciosiſſimam in civitatem inducunt, ſeditione atque diſcordiam; ex quo evincit, ut alii populares, alii ſtudioſi optimi cujuſque, videantur; pauci univerſorum. *Idem.*

This Day is publiſhed,

AN Intire SYSTEM of ARITHMETICK:
Or, ARITHMETICK in all its Parts.

By EDWARD HATTON, *Gent.*

CONTAINING,

I. *Vulgar.*	IV. *Sexageſimal.*	VII. *Lineal.*
II. *Decimal.*	V. *Political.*	VIII. *Inſtrumental.*
III. *Duodecimal.*	VI. *Logarithmical.*	IX. *Algebraical.*

With the Arithmetick of Negatives, and Approximation or converging Series.

The whole intermixed with Rules new, curious, and uſeful.

The Algebraic Part is rendered more plain and eaſy than hath been done, by inſtructive Rules and Examples, in a Method new.

And in the proper Places of this Work are,

An accurarate TABLE of Logarithms to 10,000, and Rules to find thoſe to 100,000,000, and natural Numbers of ſuch Logarithms; with the full Uſe of the Table in Multiplication, Diviſion, Involution, and Solution of all Caſes in Compound Intereſt, of which there are 24 large and exquiſite Tables: Of the Valuation of Church or College Leaſes, and of Simple Intereſt and Diſcount.

With an APPENDIX ſhewing the Menſuration of more Superficies and Solids, than any Book of that Nature has exhibited.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball, againſt the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

This Day is publiſh'd,
(Price One Shilling)

HONOUR. A SATIRE.

Primores populi arripuit populumque tributim;
Scilicet uni æquus virtuti atque ejus amicis. HOR.

By Mr. WHITEHEAD.

Printed for M. COOPER, in Pater-noſter Row.

This Day is publiſh'd,
The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe clearer'd up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with one's ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, is being repiete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, this, in itſelf, is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and correct, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſides; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick, Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market ſealed up, with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon ſending for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without any ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, do at once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, Wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often has conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they effectually and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Diſeaſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and enoble the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, in as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption; which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be compleat Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Diſeaſe is intirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late Mr.* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Buſineſs*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London.*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may ſet their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning, and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His Houſe faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel-Street, in the Strand.

The ſo-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, tho they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, ſtuffing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirit and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with Directions at large.

CONSUMPTIONS of all Sorts ASTHMA's; And all Diſorders of the BREAST and LUNGS, Directly and Infallibly cured.

By the Great CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has reſtor'd ſo many Thouſands labouring under the deepeſt Conſumptions and moſt deplorable Aſthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days time, after all other the moſt celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once ſtrikes at, and abſolutely eradicates the firſt Principle or Cauſe of Conſumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind, as alſo of Aſthma's or ſhortneſs of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obſtructing Viſcolities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in Ten.

It aſſuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a meer Skeleton and immediately cures the moſt tedious waſting and almoſt ſuffocating Cough, Hoarſneſs, Wheeſing, ſhortneſs of Breath, difficulty of breathing, pain or weight in the Breaſt, ſpitting of Blood, ſoreneſs of the Stomach, Throat, or Windpipe; alſo Catarrhs or Defluxions of ſharp Rheum, and all Priſical and Aſthmatick Effects, Hectick Fever, Melting Night Sweats and Diarrhea's or Looſeneſſe in a pleaſant and moſt agreeable Manner.

It is balſamick, healing and ſtrengthening beyond Compariſon, reſtores in all inward waſtings, weakneſs, and Decay of Conſtitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, cauſes free and eaſy Reſpiration or long Breathing, and ſpeedily and infallibly cures Aſthma's, and all ſorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever ſo bad, without the leaſt Diſorder, Trouble or Confinement; and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be ſurely depended upon for the intire Cure of thoſe Maladies.

Nor can the whole Materia Medica, afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character this moſt noble *Chymical Elixir* has ſo juſtly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of *CONSUMPTIONS* and *ASTHMA's*, &c. has occaſion'd many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right which is to be had only at Mr. *RADFORD's* Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions and at no other Place in *England*.

For the EYES,

The ſo much fam'd CHYMICAL LIQUOR,

WHICH at once infallibly cures all Inflammation, Bloodſhot-Sorenels, and Weakneſs of the EYES, Defluxions of ſharp Humours Dimneſs of Sight, Specks, Films, or beginning Cataracts and that after all other Means have fail'd, and without cauſing the leaſt Trouble or Uneaſineſs in uſing.

It directly heals and cures all Manner of Soreneſs of the Eyes in Children or grown Perſons, tho' of many Years ſtanding, be it either of the dry, itching and ſmarting Kind, or moiſt Rheumy or Watering, and whether proceeding from the Evil, or any other Diſtemper.

It effectually takes away all Specks, Films, or incipient Cataracts, ſo Admiration, as alſo all Flies, or Gnats, that ſeem to ſwim before the Sight; it wonderfully ſtrengthens the Optick Nerves, comforts the Eyes; immediately removes all Dazzling and Dimneſs, clearing the Sight, and infallibly preſerving it ſtrong and good to exceeding old Age.

Hundreds who were ſo very dim-ſighted for ſome Years, as ſcarcely able to diſtinguiſh any thing, and imagin'd their Age to be the Occaſion, have been perfectly and almoſt inſtantly cured by it, ſo as to read the ſmalleſt Print without Spectacles; and for Opthalmies or Sore, Bloodſhot, or Rheumy Eyes, no Medicine upon Earth can come near it, Thouſands of Men, Women, and Children, have been cured by it of the very worſt ſort almoſt upon the Spot, and Blindneſs been prevented in Abundance, who had tried all other Remedies in vain, inſomuch that it may be almoſt accounted a miraculous Remedy.

No Family ought to be without it, nor ever will, after they have had but one Day's Experience of its admirable Efficacy.

It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exaſperated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or ſcrofulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

Venereal Treatiſe, &c.

Green Hatch Holborn

IN Which, In the Chapter, Under the Title, Of the beginning of a Venereal Injury, A Venereal, or GLEET Patient, will Plainly See their OWN Caſe Deſcribed To Know it Perfectly by without Any Farther Advice.

And How to Cure themſelves Privately, Without Telling their Caſe to Any One. With The Famous Monpellier Little Eaſy Bolus, the Bignets of Only a PEA, to Take. And Which,

Makes the Perſon Eaſy At Once, tho' Before, in Great Miſery. And, Another Little BOLUS, Carries off a Venereal Infection, and Foulneſs of a GLEET.

The Succeſs of this Peculiar Venereal Specifick Medicine ſo Great, that Not One of the Numbers, that Daily Take it, Miſs of having the Venereal Infection Carried off by it.

This being that Great Specifick Medicine, which, During the Many Years, it has been now Publiſhed, has Gained Reputation, far beyond Other Medicines, On Account of its Two following Properties.

Viz. That TWO Only of theſe moſt eaſy (being the Bigneſs of a PEA) to take Little Boluſes, in Common Venereal Injuries,

And FOUR only of them in Worſe Caſes, Carry off a Venereal Infection, without Telling your Caſe, or Suſpicion Even to a Bedfellow. ——— So that,

What Other Medicines are Long About, and Betray the Perſon into the Bargain, This little Medicine performs a Short Way, without any Trouble, making the Perſon Eaſy At Once, tho' Before in Great Miſery, ſo that Perſons moſt Miſerably Harraſſed with a Running, Scalding of Urine, Cordee, Sores on the Urinary Part, &c. having been Soon Privately Well by it.

Price Only 2s Sealed Up, with Full Directions, Alſo with it, ——— For Thoſe who BUY It. — But,

It is GIVEN, Without Paying at all, for it

To Thoſe, Mention'd in the Chapter, Under the Title, Having this Bolus GIVEN GRATIS, in the Above mentioned Venereal Treatiſe,

Which is Given Gratis, At Dr. Ruſſel's Houſe,

In the Parlour. Straight Forward Facing the Entry, In at the GREEN HATCH, againſt Gray's-Inn, HOLBORN.

This Incomparable Little BOLUS, is the Only SHORT Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe, ONE or TWO of them Performing a Cure, which Large Quantities Other Medicines, Taken Before, could not do.

And This it is, that has, During the Many Years it has been publiſhed, Gained it ſuch a Vaſt Reputation, and made it Daily ſo Eſteemed, for its ſo Immediately carrying off Venereal Infection, and the Foulneſs of a GLEET. — That

Not One of the Medicines Publiſhed for the Diſtemper come up to it, for ſo Short, Eaſy, and Private a Cure — That

Perſons Haraſſed with a Troubleſome Running, Smarting Urine, Cordee, Pains, &c. have been ſo Very Soon Well by it, and No Body has Known Any thing of it.

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